Silenced by the Church of Which He Was Once a Master Mind He Now Ekes a Living in Poverty.

New York, October 12.—The Star makes the startling statement that Mgr. Thomas John Capel is living in abject poverty at San Francisco, tabooed by fash onable society and his priestly functions taken away from him by his church. It is stated in addition that ha is dependent action. dition that he is dependent entirely upon his pen for the necessaries of life, and has devoted himself exclusively to literary work.

In San Francisco he did just what he had previously done in New York he had previously done in New York—borrowed money whenever he could and from whomever would lend it. At times, it is said, his condition is pitiable in the extreme, but his friends hope he will see better days. He is now in receipt of a tolerably fair income from his pen, and is able to live without charity. This state of affairs has been brought about by one ead failing which the eminent divine has income man, I reflected, looking the table as being accounted by the provided method of the provided method in the graciously set out pens and paper, and apparently two sorts of ink, the and apparently two sorts of ink, the led to be wine-Lischryma Christi. He led me to the mirror and showed me his invitations to dinner, stuck up all around it. He was engaged to lecture that evening in Chickering Hall, and should go thence onward. A handsome man—a very hand-income m in common w th many other men inebriates as well as cheers.

The car er of Mgr. Capel has been a particularly brilliant one. He was one of the foremost churchmen in Eng and and exceedingly popular in English society, of which he was a distinguished ornament. To a magnificent presence he added a charming sauvity of manner, which never failed to impress the most causual observer and give him that magnetic police station, on West Thirtieth street. server and give him that magnetic power over men, which he turned to the advantage of his church. The task of converting to his faith peop e in high station was the one great mission of his life, and he su coeded to a degree. He was a social king, and was warmly welcomed every-where. He accomplished wonders in his way, but it was noted with some concern, even in his early days, that he was developing a tasts for the wine cup. No great harm, however, came of it until the time he established the great Catholic public school at Kennisgion in 1873. He entered that enterprise with the greatest enthusiaem, borrowed extensively to carry out the preject, and contracted debts which he was never able to pay. The school did not prove a success, and the matter so preyed on his mind, it is said, that he partook heavily of wine. The habit grew upon him, and fell under the observation of Cardinal Newman. A conference with that reverend gentleman brought about a temporary reformation in the mon-signor's habits.

About two and a half years ago he arrived in this country, and society threw open its doors to him. He was the social lion of the hour, and no company seemed complete without his presence. He was the great Koglish Catholic, and so attentions seemed too great for him. He had received a special dispensation from the Pope, was free from all religious restrain', and acknowledge! supremacy to no one save the cardinal. He had a mission to work out, and he was permitted to accomplish it on his neculiar lines. His mission here was the conversion of prominent society people, and he succeeded almost as well as he did in England. Among those who succumbed to his personal magnetism and forcible logic was Col. George Biss. The conversion of the doughty Colonel was looked upon as something marvelous by those who enjoyed his friendship, and Mgr. Capel rose still

try, Mgr. Capel has been almost continuously the guest of dic-tinguished people in different parts of the country. To their sorrow they had noticed the fact that his potations became more frequent as time went on, and finally it attracted the attention of the la's Cardinal McCloskey. The cardinal suspended him, and took away from him his priestly functions. was about a year ago, and from that time forward a cloud seemed to hang over the fortunes of the distinguished divine. It lowered and completely enveloped him when he appeared in an intoxicated condition at the famous dinner of the police captains at Delmonico's shortly after. After that dinner some of the guests, with a poor idea of what constituted practical joking, brought Mgr. Capel to the res dence of a lady who had not the entree to fashionable society, and spent some time in social enjoyment. How long he would have staid is a matter of conjecture, but a servant girl who had not the highest regard for her mistress, called him out in the hallway and whispered to him that the mansion was no place for Catholic clergymen. Thoroughly frightened at the dilema in which he was placed, he left the house and rewarded the servant girl afterward for her kindly service. The affair came to the ears of the late Cardinal Mc-Closkey, and he, it is said, advised him to leave New York at his earliest

He did leave, but society had shut its doors upon him before that event. This was not the result of his intemperance, but f r a graver offense.

Abuse of hospitality was urged against him. It was charged that he had not kept his word in returning large sums of money he had borrowed, and, most serious of all, that he tempted and al-most succeeded in persuading two or three young ladies of an excellent family whose guest he was, over whom he exerted an extraordinary influence, to yield up their inheritance. The scheme was detected just as it was a most consummated, and the moneignor was shown the door. The story soon spread among the clite, and after that he was collected. that he was coldly greeted on all s.d. s. and eventually ostracised from society. He wanted the young ladies' fortunes to pay his debts in England and to build up the school in which he still had an absorbing in erest.

Unable longer to live in New York with honor or profit, Mgr. Capel went lecturing through the West, and settled down finally in San Francisco. The story of his career in New York had, however, preceded him, and so-cley gave him the cold shoulder. He then manfully set to work and is now among the toilers who carn their bread by the exercise of their intel-

Mgr. Capel, although popularly supposed to be an Englishman, was born in Ireland about fifty years sgo, and is Irish on one side of his house. His early education was obtained almost succeeded in getting her brother to national reputation throughout Eng-land. He is the "Mgr. Catesby" whom went to the such and soon estab-D-graeil satirizes in Lothair. He has lished himself so firmly that the seed

THE POWERLESS PRELATE

no business capacity whatever, and incure debts which he has no means of liquidating. Of all the moneys which he has received in the course which he has received in the course which he has received in the course of his eventful career, he has not retained a dollar for his own use, but has spent it for the benefit of his church. For that church his admiration is houndless and his descript to the whole place.

THE EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS

THE EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS

AT NINE (Y-SIX INVESTIGATED by area Valensin's young son, Plo, but his spent it for the benefit of his church his admiration in reality as the master and manager of the whole place. tion is boundless and his devotion to it unimpeached.

A Reporter's Memory of the Fa' den Pricat.

writer in the Washington, Post

A writer in the Washingtor, Post his this to say of Mgr. Or pel today: He was much honorer in New York, and wined and dined to satiety. I called on him at the aristocratic Hotel Brunewick. He had an elegant suit of rooms for which he must have paid at least \$20 a day, and their equipments more accorded with the taste of a Sybarite than an Anchorite. He talked freely and pleasantly, and when I told him that I wanted to interview him for the Chicago Tribune. terview him for the Chicago Tribune, he graciously set out pens and paper, and apparently two sorts of ink, the lighter of which I shortly discovered to be wine-Lachryma Christi. He led handsome man—a very hard-some man, I reflected, look-ing at him across the table as he mine—a p r islity for the fluid which | talked. Large, comely in face and form, no ekimping anywhere, large expressive eyes, a shapely nore (which is a gift as rare as genue), fall ites, a decided cleavage of the chio, round room there was a knot of people, com-prising a man and wife, who had got drunk and fought, two policemen who had arrested them and Mgr. Capel. It was a cold night, and the prelate had the collar of his black overcoat turned up around his throat, and over that was was tied a silken scarf. He was interviewing the two prisoners, and in the warmth of the interview he tilted his elsek silk hat away off on the back of his head. The prisoners were both fair specimens of the toughest class that Capt. Williams and his men have to handle. Mgr. Capel lectured the pair until he completely restored the tie of domestic happiness which that both she and Capel had gone out teamed to be entirely troken. The on the veranda the evening previous male prisoner had kicked his wife at when the will was being executed. home, and had tried to knock her down in the station house, but the monsigner took them in hand. He reconciled the quarrel, overcame the bitter feeling, made the intoxicated pair shake hands, and they raptu-rously kissed each other to the great amusement of the select party of spectators. He then obtained their release and sent them stammering away home, arm-in-arm, and laughing boisterously. Another Leaf From Capel's Life.

San Francisco special to St. Louis Globe Democrat: The somewhat pronounced flutter of excitement caused by the advent of Mgr. Capel, the calebrated Catholic priest, to this coast on a lecturing tour about a year ago, was augmented to a still greater degree by his sudden disappearance a couple of months later. Everybody wondered months later. Everybody wondered what could have become of him, but no one could tell. It seemed as though the great churchman had departed altogether from the haunts of man. The matter finally dropped into a sort of innocuous decuetude, and ceased to higher in the estimation of his aeso- bother San Francisco churches and society circles until a comparatively recent date, when the whispered word went round that the Monsigner had been behaving very naughtily during the period of his disappearance. Careful it quiry on the part of your correspondent developed the fact that Mgr. Capel, a few days prior to his departure from this city, encountered upon the size: the attractive wife of an Palian ranch owner of this Stae, known as "Count" Guillo Valensin. Having

met the monsigner when quite a young girl while t aveling through Europe with ber mother, Mrs. Valensin was naturally very greatly pleased to renew her acquaintance with her old friend. Out of courtesy, she extended Ospel an invitation to pay her mother and herself a visit at the ranch near Arno, where they were living The monaigner expressed surprise that Mrs. Valeasin and her husband were not living together, whereupon, she unbosomed herself, the story of her life's trouble, the priest's pious calling having insured her confidence. She had married her husband at the home of his father in Forence, Italy. He was then only 21 years of age, while she was 26 years old, though she made him believe she was only 18 years old.

REMOVED TO CALIFORNIA. A child, a boy named Pio, was born to them the first year. Four years later they removed to Ca ifornia to set le down on a ranch, which she secured in exchange for a piece of San Francisco real estate deeded to her by went her father several years before. Her husband had considerable money of his own and stocked the ranch with a fine lot of thoroughbred horses and cattle, besides purchasing several bundred acres of land adjoining her

own place. Everything progressed very pleasantly for awhile, then she said her husband cruelly treated her by refusing to recognize her Catholic isclinations and consent to be remarried according to the rites of that church. Their marriage had been performed by a civil magistrate only and did not satisfy her. Finally she left Valencia on the let of August, 1884, and went to Santa Cruz, while he came to this city. On the following month she commenced a suit for divorce on the grounds of cruelty above described, which was tried in May, and decided against her on the 3d of July, 1885. Shortly after this ahe returned to the ranch with her collecting the tax. The decision of any and sent for her parents and her Judge Wallace is made upon a motion of thirty-five of the banks to have the and live with her. The management of the ranch was entrusted to an old Sacramento lawyer, who also made his headquar era at the ranch. Evil tongues soon connected this lawyer's

founded charges of infidelity. A TROUBLESOME BROTHER. written many literary works, all of a man of law in charge of affairs became religious nature. His worst enemy so jealous of the priest and raised such attributes no dishenest metive to a continual disturbance over the mat-

name with her own, and sent scandal-

ous reports to her husband, who was

making her life a burden with his un-

his h' ands, and he was not slow to mak a use of it, either. He had him se' lengaged ostensibly as a tutor for M' ars. Valensin's young son, Plo, but 'n reality as the master and manager of the whole place.

When this had been going on for some time McCauley, sr., father of Mrs. Valensin, became saspicious of

Mrs. Valeusin, became suspicious of the remarkable intimacy which had sprung up between his daughter and the priest. He was not sure that anything wrong was going on, but he did not like the look of things, and natu-rally conceived a dislike for Capel, which very quickly increased into an absorbing hatred. McCauley was one of those gruff, hardy old pioneers, who are given to explorations outside the proper limits of the English lanand on more than one occasion he has been known to curse Capel to his face until he gasped for breath. Capel allowed all this contumely and villification to pass unnoticed.

THE PATHER'S SUSPICIONS. This unexpected mildness caused McCauley to become still more suspi cious, and ere long he became fearful that Capel's designs extended even be-youd debauchery. The old man was property. McCauley's friends warned him that such were Capel's intentions beyond a doubt, and unless some effective steps we taken to prevent him he would eventually become master of the whole ranch. The priest, said they, clearly possessed a wonderful influence over Mrs. Valensin's mind and actions, and when McCauley should die, he would not be long in showing his hand, as the old gentle-

Valensin and Capel were very eager to learn the contents of the will, and when they were informed the following morning Mrs. Valersin denounced the will as a scheme to defraud her out of her rights. She declared in the presence of the lawyer and the notary and had witnessed the whole transaction through a crack in the blinds of the window. She saw, she said, her father sound asleep in his chair, and also saw the lawyer guide the old man's hand over the paper in tracing the signature. Capel supported his friend's statement has was proved in Stockton, shortly after, it was shown to the court's entire rat-isfaction that the document was gen-uine, and that McCauley was in his right mind and conscious of what he

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER SEPARATE. The new will was a source of constant bickering between Mrs. McCauley and her daughter, and fically led to the former leaving the ranch and going to ber own house. George, also left and returned to his wife. This left Mrs. Valensin and Capel alone in the house, with the exception of the little boy, but they ignored sppearances and continued on the same lamiliar, if not intimate, relations as before. Scandal was rife to a great degree, and the brother, George, wes heard to declars that he had good ground for his dislike to the priest.

A week or so after the separation Mrs. McCauley, George's wife, re-ceived an anonymous letter signed "A friend," which was followed by two others at intervals of a few days, and all urged her to get her husband to contest the will. From the expres sions used and the seal of the wax the letters were believed to have come from Capel, who desired the well broken, but was fearful that if Mrs. Valensin made the contest she would lose all chance of inheritance on her mother's demise by antagonizing her. Capel next tried to induce Mrs. Mc-

Cau'ey, sr, to desd all of her property over to him, or else to her daughter, and promised o give her a life pension which would keep her most comfortsbly. The old lady declined with much emphasis, however, and getting hold of her son George once more started with him for Missouri, where they still

remain. In the course of his investigation your correspondent paid a visit to the ranch and interviewed Mgr. Capel. He seemed to fair y boil over with indignation when informed of his visitor's purpose, and seemed about to kick the unwelcome intruder out of doors, but simmered down and almost

"It's shamefully outrageous," said the Monsignor. "What! That little woman is the daughter of one of California's oldest pioneers, and respected by everybody. I haven't a word to say one way or the other concerning the charges made sgainst me by the people here, but jost let me see anything in print and I shall know how to act. I am an Englishman."

Of Interest to Taxpayers. NEW YORK, October 12 .- Judge Wal-

lace, of the United States Circuit Court, rendered a decision today of much importance to the taxpayers of New York directly, and to the entire country g nerally, involving many million dollars. About a year sgo Receiver of Taxes George W. McLean levied a tax upon the shares of national banks. The banks, as representing the shareholders, resisted the demand of the receiver and obtained isjunction made permanent. motion for an is junction is denied.

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Boat Upset by a Picherel. ALEXANDER, MINN., October 12.— The Hon. Knute Nelson, who was picked up unrouscious in the lake last night, revived this morning and is now able to walk about. fishing he hooked a big pickerel, and in his efforts to land him the boat turned suddenly and he fell into the water.

THERE is no better coal than Ala-

Who Confirms the Reports Received -Noises Like the Report of Cannon.

CHARLESTON, S. C., October 12 .- A ccal scientist, known to be an accurate observer, was recently selected to investigate the story t a carthquake shocks had been felt a Ninety Six, S. C, about thirty miles from the Geor-gia line and 100 miles from Char'eston, eighteen months pat, and were in creasing in frequency and vigir. His report confirms it. One influential farmer, J. McD. Kipard, living at the seat of the trouble, says he first heard the underground noise in January, 1885. It was then brief and dull, like the report of a cannon fired several mi'es from the observers. All others who were interviewed gave the same account of the noise, but did not notice them until September of lest year. Mr. Kinard heard the noises f equentafraid that the Moneignor was laying his by the first day, but did not hear them p'ans to secure control of the entire again for several weeks. The longest again for several weeks. The longest period of rest between the sounds, all agree, was just before the Charles-ton earthquake. The sound of that movement was not timilar, it was like he roaring of a train of cars and sated lorger than the others. The others were dull booms without re-petitions. They all caused houses to shake and seshes to rettle. A party of railroad graders camped near Mr. Kinard's several months ago were man's will left the entire estate, real, personal and all, to Mr. Valensin, his daughter. McCauley thought this noises were heard night and day, and The sergeant at the desk and the captain and several policemen in front of the desk were shaking with suppressed laughter. In the corner of the room there was a knot of people, combined to Sacramento for a whose scient ficattainments make him lawyer and a notary, and the next a credible witness, says he twice arise, evening a new will was drawn up and thinking a trunder storm was passing, signed by himself in the presence of his wife, the lawyer and the notsry. The old man was very feeble at the time, and quite ill also, but as clear headed as ever, in spite of his 70 years. Mrs. rience the Monday evening following. He was picking cotton and was on his knees, when a shock came which jarred him all over and made him feel "pretty bad." These shocks come from the sluthesst and seem to be almost vertical impulses. The district

day. He says the rumbling was more

continuous last night than he ever

knew it to be before, and the shocks were only surpassed by those which

did when he signed it. McCauley died about July 11th, this year, and the estate, including some valuable were felt when Charleston was so badly shaken. It was in that neighborhood in a deep valley that "Old Jockey Walker" used to hear the bomproperty in Missouri, went to the barding at Charleston during the war and count the reports Dr Bake in-sists that the noises are volcanic. FULL WEIGHT



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I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla, in my family, for Scrofula, and know, if it taken faithfully, that it will thoroughly eradicate this terrible disease. I have also prescribed it as a tonic, as well as an alterative, and must say that I honestly believe it to be the best blood medicine ever compounded.—W. F. Fowler, D. D. S., M. D., Greenville, Tenn.

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